

UTAH SENATOR SHOT BY WOMAN

Washington Hotel Scene of Attempted Murder of Former Senator Arthur Brown.

FIRST DEMANDED AN IMMEDIATE MARRIAGE

Claims that Former Senator Is Father of Two of Her Children—Woman This Morning Rapidly Losing Her Reason.

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, December 8.—Former United States Senator Arthur Brown of Utah tonight lies in a critical condition in the emergency hospital from a pistol shot wound in the abdomen inflicted by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley of Salt Lake City, who arrived here today from that city.

The shooting occurred in Senator Brown's apartment in the Raleigh house, where Mrs. Bradley also had registered under the name of "A. B. Brown." She was arrested.

Senator Brown was conveyed to the hospital, where he was immediately put upon the operating table. Two shots were fired, one grazing the left hand and the other entering the abdomen and lodging in the pelvic cavity. After working over him for nearly two hours the surgeons decided that for the present at least they would make no further attempt to find the bullet. It was stated tonight that while Senator Brown's condition is critical, there is reason to believe he may recover.

Makes Demand for Marriage
Mrs. Bradley arrived at the Raleigh house shortly after noon. After being assigned to a room she immediately went to Senator Brown's apartment.

According to her statement tonight at police station, where she talked freely with the newspaper men, Mrs. Bradley came to Washington to demand that Senator Brown marry her. She said that their relations were well known in Salt Lake City.

"I asked him if he was going to do the right thing by me," she said, maintaining remarkable composure. "In reply he put on his overcoat and started to leave the room, and I shot him. I abhor acts of this character, but in this case I was fully justified."

Mrs. Bradley Had Been Divorced
While expressing her sorrow for her act, Mrs. Bradley declared that she was glad to know that Senator Brown might recover. "I was practically penniless when I got here today," she said, "having only \$1.25, and after paying the cabman all the money I had in the world was one dollar."

She said she urged Senator Brown to marry her, that as he had been instrumental in the divorce between herself and her husband, and his wife was dead, he could do the "right thing by her." This, she said, he refused to do.

Mrs. Bradley is a brunette about 35 years old and frail. Her first act after being taken to the police station was to send to Senator Sutherland of Utah, who called on her tonight and had a long talk with her. Senator Sutherland regretted being brought into the case, but said that Mrs. Bradley had sent for him because he was the only man whom she knew. To him she unfolded herself and told the story of her relations with Senator Brown.

Her Claimed Relations with Brown
She alleged that two of her children owe their parentage to Senator Brown, and that she had named one of them after him. Mrs. Bradley was reluctant to speak of her former husband, but questioning brought out the fact that he was living in Nevada with a second wife, by whom he has several children. Further questioning disclosed the fact that Mrs. Bradley had for two years, 1900 to 1902, served as secretary to the state Republican committee, and also at one time was editor of the official organ of the State Federation of Women's clubs. Up to a late hour tonight she had not obtained counsel.

Brown Accuses Mrs. Bradley
Manager Theodore J. Talty of the Raleigh house was notified of the shooting within two or three minutes after it occurred and hurried to Senator Brown's room. He found Brown fully dressed lying in the center of the room. Mrs. Bradley was standing near the dresser. She was attired in street costume, including her hat. One of her hands was gloved. Senator Brown, as Mr. Talty stooped over him to inquire what the matter was, feebly indicated Mrs. Bradley, and remarked calmly, "She shot me."

A hurried examination of the wound of man was made by Mr. Talty. On opening his coat and waistcoat he discovered that a bullet had penetrated his abdomen. He sent for some brandy and poured it down Senator Brown's throat. The wounded man was growing rapidly weaker, and Mr. Talty directed a servant to summon the emergency hospital ambulance.

Declined to Leave Room
Senator Brown, despite the shock of the wound, retained consciousness. He made no statement to Mr. Talty beyond the one indicating that he had been shot by Mrs. Bradley.

The woman continued in the room while Mr. Talty was attending to Senator Brown, but offered no assistance. Finally Mr. Talty ordered her to leave the room. She declined with absolute coolness.

"I will remain here," she said. "I am the mother of his two children." Mr. Talty was too busy administering to Senator Brown to attempt to enforce

his order, but, glancing about the room, he discovered a revolver lying upon the bureau. He put it into his pocket and later turned it over to the police.

When arrested Mrs. Bradley made no resistance. She was asked for a statement of the incident, but referred all those who inquired to Senator Sutherland of Utah.

"Senator Brown had been a guest at the Raleigh since December 5," said Mr. Talty, "having come here to argue a case before the United States supreme court. The case was expected to be called Monday. Mrs. Bradley arrived today just before noon. She registered as A. B. Brown and was assigned a room in the usual way. So far as I am aware, she made no inquiry about Senator Brown and no one about the hotel knew that they were even acquainted with each other. How she found his room, which merely happened to be on the same floor as her own, although the two apartments were some distance removed from each other, I don't know. Only Senator Brown and Mrs. Bradley know anything of their meeting and, to me, at least, neither one of them vouches for the slightest explanation."

Senator's Children Sent For
Late tonight M. S. Gunn of Helena, Mont., who came here with former Senator Brown, telegraphed Miss Alice Brown, the senator's daughter, who is in Columbus, Ohio, and Arthur Brown Jr., a son, who is a student at Chicago university, to come to Washington at once. At midnight Mr. Brown's condition was unchanged.

Woman Losing Her Reason

WASHINGTON, December 8.—At 1 o'clock this morning the physicians at the emergency hospital announced that Senator Brown was holding his own and had an even chance to recover. Three blocks away Mrs. Bradley was in the police station, anxiously inquiring every few minutes as to the condition of her victim. "I loved the ground he walked on," she continually remarked. Her condition at midnight was such as to render a medical examination as to her sanity necessary. As the night wore on she lost her composure and gave every indication that her reason had left her.

RESISTANCE ANTICIPATED

Separation of the Church and State in France Begins the Day After Tomorrow.

GOVERNMENT FACES SITUATION CALMLY

Pope Says that He Cannot Allow Outsiders to Regulate the Vital Interests of the Catholic People.

By Associated Press.

PARIS, France, December 8.—Three days hence the "church and separation" law will go into effect in Paris, and on December 12 and 13 it will be enforced in the various departments according to the time when copies of the official journal containing notice of the promulgation of the law reach them.

The government is facing the situation with calmness, but the prospect of an acute religious crisis has suddenly been increased by what appears to be an authoritative announcement made by the pope, the clerical organ, that word has just arrived from Rome that the pope absolutely forbids Catholics, bishops, curies or parishioners to make application to hold religious services under the public meeting law of 1881, as proposed by the government. The Croix stated that this interdicts the single annual application which the minister of public worship, Briand, had announced as sufficient.

Pope Makes Statement
The Journal Des Debats says the pope used the words: "I am like the father of a family. I cannot permit outsiders to enter my house and regulate the interests of my children without consulting me."

If such is the final decision of the Vatican, the situation will be greatly complicated, as it is likely to be interpreted by the clericals as a final summons not to yield an inch, and also may arouse violence by intemperates, who already placarding Paris with appeals to the Catholics to resist. On the other hand, clerical disturbances might justify the government in using extreme measures, although it plainly is the desire of Premier Clemenceau and M. Briand to avoid any appearance of persecution.

'FRISCO TEACHERS FORM ORGANIZATION

By Associated Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 8.—A permanent organization which will be known as the San Francisco Teachers' federation was perfected today when forty instructors in the public schools assembled at Plymouth Congregational church. The principal object of the teachers in organizing is to safeguard their positions and salaries. The federation will have a constitution similar to that of a Chicago teachers' federation, which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Ever since the board of education took \$150,000 from the salary fund to build and repair schools destroyed or damaged by the great fire, the teachers who suffered in salary have been endeavoring to recover their money.

RECOVER SIX CLIFTON'S DEAD

Searchers Find Human Arm Protruding from Mud and Dig for the Corpses.

ALL UNIDENTIFIED BODIES ARE MEXICANS

Certain that Death List Will Be Large—Four Shot for Looting—City Is Still Without Water and Without Lights.

By Associated Press.

SOLOMONVILLE, Ariz., December 8.—Conditions in the flood-stricken city of Clifton are now somewhat improved. Clear and mild weather now continue to the advantage of the refugees. The work of clearing away the mud and debris is progressing slowly.

The city is still without water, lighting and telephone service, and walking over town is difficult and dangerous.

Find Six Bodies

A party of searchers found a human arm protruding from the ground, and, digging away, recovered the bodies of six unidentified Mexicans. It is certain that the death list will be large, although but two Americans are known to have perished.

A strong guard is still maintained and four men have been shot for looting. Efforts will be made to run a train out of the town tomorrow.

**300 GIRLS ENDANGERED;
NONE SERIOUSLY HURT**

By Associated Press.
CHICAGO, December 8.—The large building occupied by the mail order house of the John Magnus company was destroyed today by fire. An adjoining structure was badly damaged. The Magnus company employs about three hundred girls, who made their escape and were rescued by the police and fire departments. Three girls were overcome by smoke, but none were seriously injured. The damage is estimated at \$100,000.

Livestock Market

By Associated Press.
CHICAGO, December 8.—Cattle: Receipts 500, steady. Beef, 4.10 to 7.30; cows and heifers, 1.65 to 5.15; stockers and feeders, 2.40 to 4.50; Texas, 3.75 to 4.60; westerners, 2.90 to 6; calves, 3.25 to 7.50.

Sheep: Receipts 2,000, steady. Sheep, 3.90 to 5.75; lambs, 4.50 to 7.75.

SLUGGERS WORKED FOR \$9 PER WEEK

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, December 8.—The cross examination of William Kelly, self-confessed slugger and paymaster of Cornelius P. Shea's picket forces during the teamster's strike a year ago, was concluded yesterday afternoon after Kelly had testified that he had served as a picket from the inception of the strike and had been paid \$9 a week as long as the strike fund lasted. Michael Murphy, who pleaded guilty with Kelly, and Al Young, a former president of the Brotherhood of Teamsters, were next called. Murphy gave similar testimony to Kelly and Young, but reiterated instances of slugging.

According to Murphy's evidence, he and his companions' principal work was to bring about blockades and prevent wagons driven by non-union teamsters from reaching strikebound houses. Murphy declared that the picket crew of which he was leader did a great deal of slugging during the strike. "Pull them off, and if you can't do that, knock them off," said Murphy, "were the orders we had in dealing with the strikebreakers, and we carried out the orders to the best of our ability."

CONVICTION IN APPEALED CASE

Owen McKevitt Found Guilty of Misdemeanor in the District Court

The most interesting case tried during the present session of the district court was that of the Territory vs. Owen McKevitt, appeal from justice court. The complaint against Mr. McKevitt alleges that on or about September 16 he rented to one Anastacia Calares a room in a building known as the McKevitt block for the purpose of prostitution, the building being within the 400-yard limit from the Globe Central school.

In the justice court Mr. McKevitt was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$100. He appealed to the district court, with yesterday's result. He was represented by Attorney L. L. Henry and the Territory was represented by District Attorney Edwards. There was little trouble in selecting a jury and the Mexican woman who made the complaint was the first witness. She spent about an hour on the stand. A

half dozen witnesses were examined for the prosecution and none for the defense.

The jury was out but a short time and returned a verdict of guilty as charged. Sentence will be pronounced tomorrow morning at 9:30. Being a misdemeanor, the penalty is a fine of \$100 or six months in jail or both. Mr. McKevitt will probably take an appeal to the supreme court.

The case of the Territory vs. Milo Vukmanovich for duelling and murder will be tried tomorrow.

In the case of the Territory vs. Fred Van Horst for forgery, the jury yesterday returned a verdict of guilty and sentence will be imposed tomorrow at 9:30 o'clock.

The grand jury failed to make its final report yesterday and although it was in session all day, not even a partial report was made. It is believed that their report tomorrow will contain a number of indictments of a sensational nature.

Will Be Sorry They Came

By Associated Press.
EL PASO, December 8.—Twenty-eight Chinamen, who, disguised as Mexicans, had entered this country, were captured at Las Cruces, N. M., about forty miles north of this place, today.

PLAGUE-INFECTED RATS IN MANILA

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Reports have reached the war department that a few months ago great numbers of plague-infected rats were found in Manila, and since then a large body of professional rat catchers have been hard at work to protect the city's health. It was evident that the plague rats infected only two sections and in both of these districts a thorough disinfection was at once undertaken. Every house was systematically cleaned and all the habitual abiding places of the rodents, such as woodpiles, were removed.

NEGROES SEEK RE-ENLISTMENT

Applications of the Discharged Colored Soldiers Referred to President

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—President Roosevelt has been asked by military authorities for instructions regarding the cases of the discharged members of the Twenty-fifth regiment who apply for enlistment upon the basis that their previous service has been "honest and faithful." So far three of these soldiers have made such formal application. These are Sergeant Mingo Sanders of twenty-six years service, Private Elmer Brown of sixteen years service and Private Thomas Jefferson of thirteen years service.

As a basis for executive decision the application of Sergeant Sanders was sent to the president and further action in the matter will depend upon his instructions. About fifty of the discharged soldiers are here, most of them having arrived within the last day or two. It is understood their course will depend to a great extent upon the president's treatment of Sergeant Sanders.

COLORADO RIVER AGAIN ON RAMPAGE

By Associated Press.

IMPERIAL, Cal., December 8.—Contrary to early advice, the situation at Calexico, where the Colorado river is flooding the surrounding country, is reported to be rising steadily and there is danger of new floodgates recently put in by the Southern Pacific giving way and causing the flood water to flow again into the Imperial Valley basin.

HAVE FAITH IN SECRETARY SHAW

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, December 8.—The heaviest deficit below legal requirement in the legal reserve of the associated banks of this city in thirteen years was disclosed by today's bank statement. The deficit amounts to \$6,702,175, as against a surplus of \$1,449,300 one week ago. While it is not unusual for the bank statement to show that the banks hold less than the law requires to keep in reserve, it is quite unusual for the deficit to be so large.

The largest previous deficit was on August 12, 1893, when the reserves were \$16,500,000 short of the legal requirements. That Wall street is hopeful that some action will be taken by the secretary of the treasury to relieve the money market was indicated by the movement of the stock market after publication of the bank statement. Instead of a slump in stocks there was only a slight drop, which was checked in a few minutes. The scarcity in money is attributed to several causes.

There has been a steady drain to the west on account of crop movements. Heavy dividends have been declared this month and unusually heavy speculation in mining stocks has helped to pump the banks dry.

Haverford Defeats Harvard

By Associated Press.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., December 8.—Haverford college defeated Harvard at association football today by a score of 2 to 1. The game decided the intercollegiate championship in association football.

ROOSEVELT GRIDIRONED

President Attends Banquet of Famous Club and Is Smartly Burlesqued Thereat.

VITAL QUESTIONS LIGHTLY HANDLED

Burlesque Cuban Revolution and Nominate Hearst for Governor of Island—"Simple Speller" Makes Hit.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—With the president and vice president of the United States, the ambassadors from Italy, Great Britain, Russia and Japan, the speaker of the house of representatives, senators, representatives in congress and many of the great captains of industry present, the twenty-third annual dinner of the Gridiron club tonight at the New Willard marks the high tide of the club's achievements.

Satire, burlesque and straight comedy were the dominating notes in the most successful dinner this famous club of Washington correspondents has ever given. There were sharp contrasts, the tribute to dead members of the club shutting closely upon a burlesque Cuban revolution and an exemplification of what happens in the "lawn tennis cabinet," which meets with the president every day, Sunday excepted.

The Cuban Revolution

In the Cuban burlesque, a member of the club impersonated Governor Magoon "held down the lid" while the club selected a cabinet for him composed of the "lame ducks," gentlemen who had failed of election in November and club members impersonating W. R. Hearst, who was nominated for governor of the island, Mr. Babcock, Mr. Moody, Mr. McLeary and General Grosvenor.

Moody was selected for the place of "Trust Buster or Trust Matador," the Cuban revolutionists insisting that Moody was not a "Trust Matador," but a "picador," the difference being that a matador kills, while a picador only teases.

Gets Teddy Both Ways

Probably the strongest feature of the dinner was the Gridiron "Simple Speller" and "Dictionary," which was issued in the form of a booklet of some forty pages, containing quaint spellings and cuts illustrating the definitions. The initiation of two new members gave an opportunity for a quiet dig at the war department for discharging the three colored companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry at Brownsville, Texas.

RAILROAD IS GIVING TRANSFER SERVICE

The train for Bowie will leave on its regular time this morning and will run as far as the Gila bridge, where a transfer of passengers, mail and baggage will be made. A train will leave Bowie at 6 o'clock, arriving at the bridge at about the time the transfer will have been made from this side.

The first regular train from the south arrived at 5 o'clock last evening and brought the first passengers and mail since last Monday night. There were eighty-five passengers on the train and mail enough to keep the postoffice staff busy the greater part of today. Considerable mail was distributed last night and the postoffice was crowded all evening. No second class mail was distributed.

Metal Market

By Associated Press.
NEW YORK, December 8.—The metal market was quiet and generally unchanged in the absence of cables. Copper continued firm with Lake quoted at 22.50 to 22.75, electrolytic 22.12½ to 22.37½, and casting 22 to 22.25.

Lead was quoted at 5.95 to 6.05, and spelter at 6.50 to 6.55.

Silver, 69; Mexican dollars, 53½.

GET INJUNCTION AGAINST COUNTY

County Restrained from Collecting Raise in Mine Taxation

Following methods pursued in Cochise county by the big mining companies, Attorney E. E. Ellinwood of the firm of Herring, Sorin & Ellinwood, attorneys for the Phelps, Dodge companies, appeared in the district court yesterday morning and applied for a temporary injunction from Judge Nave, restraining the county and W. W. Brookner, treasurer and ex-officio collector, from collecting from the Old Dominion Copper Mining & Smelting company and The United Globe Mines, the amount of taxes in excess of that returned by the assessor of Gila county. In other words the 200 per cent raise made by the territorial board of equalization.

The amount of what the attorneys for the companies term the "excessive" tax is \$5,461.50 for the Old Dominion and \$7,395.30 for The United Globe Mines. In the complaint filed by Attorney Ellinwood, the plaintiff prays that

the action of the territorial board of equalization in increasing the valuation of patented mines be declared null and void and that the order of the board be vacated, set aside and cancelled; that the action of the board of supervisors in placing the increase on the assessment roll be declared null and void and that the increase be cancelled; that the defendants "and each of them be enjoined and forever restrained from collecting or attempting to collect said excess tax."

After requesting a temporary injunction, the plaintiff asks that on final hearing the injunction be made permanent. Judge Nave ordered entered a temporary writ of injunction on filing of bond in the sum of \$1,000.

The action taken here yesterday is similar to that taken by the Copper Queen company at Tombstone this week. The amount of the increase to that company's taxes is \$61,000. On Monday all taxes become delinquent, so that the application for injunction here was filed on the last day.

French Gathering at Tangier

By Associated Press.
TANGIER, December 8.—The French naval division commanded by Admiral Touchard has arrived here. A Moorish man of war with government troops is expected December 11.

NO FREE LIST FOR POSTAL TELEGRAPH

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, December 8.—Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal Telegraph & Cable company, stated today that the board of directors of that company has passed the following resolution: Resolved, That owing to changed conditions, it has been found necessary to stop all free transmission of messages, and this company will absolutely discontinue its free list on and after January 1, 1907, and no free service whatsoever will be performed thereafter. The outstanding franks will be honored to and including December 31, 1906.

THERE IS LAND AT THE NORTH

So Says Explorer Peary in Lecture on His Recent Expedition in Search of North Axis.

THINKS POLE CAN BE REACHED WITH SLEDGES

Convinced that if Winter Had Been Normal One His Attempt Would Have Been a Success—His Discoveries.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, December 8.—Commander Robert E. Peary gave a public lecture today at the Museum of Natural History upon his last attempt to reach the north pole.

He said in the course of it that he is satisfied that there is a body of land somewhere about a hundred miles to the northwest of Grantland. His party, he said, found driftwood a hundred miles from Grantland in the open polar sea, which he was convinced could only come from rivers flowing through land not yet placed upon the map. Commander Peary said also that he believed that if the polar winter during which he made his attempt had been a normal one he would have reached the pole.

Would Take Northwestern Course

He thought it could be reached with no greater expense or loss of time than he had experienced in his expedition. With his added knowledge of arctic conditions, he believed, the pole could be reached with sledges, but the explorer should leave land further west than he did, at about Cape Richards, and should not proceed straight toward the pole, but toward the northwest, and thus take advantage of natural drift of ice and currents, which is southwest.

He discovered, he said, a unique glacial fringe upon the northern coast of Grantland, which he believed to be the origin of the paleocretaceous, or always frozen ice, which former explorers had thought was from ice massed about the pole.

Fish Culls on President

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Stuyvesant Fish, former president of the Illinois Central railroad, called at the White House today and later talked with the interstate commerce commissioners. It was stated that his calls had nothing to do with the proposed investigation of the Harriman system. Mr. Fish said he was not aware that he had any knowledge that would be of value to the commission, but if it felt disposed to call on him, he would gladly respond.

Powder King Gets Divorce

By Associated Press.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., December 8.—Alfred I. Dupont, millionaire powder manufacturer, who formerly resided at Wilmington, Del., but who has resided in Sioux Falls since early in the present year, was today granted a divorce from Bessie G. Dupont. The divorce decree was granted on the grounds of extreme cruelty and inhuman treatment. The couple have four children and their custody and the question of alimony will be adjusted out of court.

SUPERIOR AND BOSTON FUTURE

New Company Destined to Become One of the Greatest in Arizona Copper District.

PROPERTIES OF COMPANY INSPECTED

Just What They Contain and Their Possibilities—May Construct a Railroad in the Near Future for Own Use.

Among the many mining companies organized to operate in the Globe district, none has met with greater favor than the Superior & Boston, and it is significant that here where the property of the new company is best known, appreciation of its value and possibilities for the production of copper is greatest, as shown by the fact that the large allotment of shares to Globe were gaily oversubscribed.

Aside from the merit of the property itself, the high standing of those who are at the head of the enterprise in mining and financial circles of the Michigan copper country is assurance that the affairs of the company will be wisely managed and the development of the property vigorously and intelligently prosecuted.

The Superior & Boston company is most fortunate in having secured a large property situated well within the proven ore zone of the district and contiguous to several of the best known producing mines. The property acquired from the Globe & Arizona Development company comprises twenty-one claims and adjoining it on the east are twenty claims, known as the Rose group, which have also been taken over by the new company.

On the Black Hawk Fault

Of the Globe & Arizona group the Great Eastern presents great possibilities for the development of a large and valuable mine. This claim is the northeast extension of the Black Hawk mine, of the Arizona Commercial Copper company, and has the same great iron outcrop. An incline shaft on the Black Hawk has reached the depth of 558 feet and levels run at 400 feet and 500 feet have opened through drifts and crosscuts, a large tonnage of hematite of iron carrying an average of three to four per cent copper in the form of carbonates. The east drift on the 500-foot level of the Black Hawk has been driven to within fifteen feet of the Great Eastern's end line and the face of this drift shows eight feet of seven per cent carbonate ore and some copper glance. Ten feet back from the face of the east drift a crosscut was run twenty feet in ore carrying four per cent copper and three ounces of silver to the ton.

The fact that the best ore yet found in the Black Hawk mine is in the east drifts nearest to the Great Eastern line and pitches in that direction is highly important as indicating large and rich ore at moderate depth on the Great Eastern. The east drift on the Great Eastern consists of a shaft 85 feet deep and a crosscut of about 16 feet in ore carrying three and a half to four per cent copper—identical with the ore in the open cut on the Black Hawk, forty feet from the end line between the two claims. All the ore on the Black Hawk and Great Eastern claims carries an excess of iron, making it a valuable fluxing material.

Limestone Claim Promising

The Limestone claim of the Superior & Boston lies to the south and parallel to the Great Eastern, one claim intervening. There is an independent fault on the Limestone between lime and iron, on which an incline shaft has been sunk 60 feet. This shaft has followed a well defined seam of eight per cent carbonate ore which has varied in thickness from a few inches to two feet. Mining men who have examined the Limestone fault express a favorable opinion of its possibilities.

The Quo Vadis, the eastern extension of the Limestone, has a strong iron outcrop in the quartzite, showing some carbonate ore.

The Black Oxide claim is located on the Buckeye fault, which has been opened by the Old Dominion company on the Buckeye, Carrie and True Blue claims, from which a large tonnage of high grade ore has been taken and which are now important producers.

Good Showing on Black Oxide

There is a strong iron outcrop on the Black Oxide claim, showing copper values averaging about six per cent, and in a shaft sunk thirty feet at a point on the vein